

# Application News

## No. L532

### High Performance Liquid Chromatography

## Analysis of Purified Glucose and Glucose Hydrate in Accordance with the Japanese Pharmacopoeia

Glucose is known as the most abundant sugar in the natural world, and is also used as a pharmaceutical product to take energy parenterally.

Test methods for purified glucose and glucose hydrates (hereinafter referred to as glucose) were added to Supplement I to the Japanese Pharmacopoeia, 17<sup>th</sup> Edition, which was published in December 2017<sup>(1)</sup>. In this test method, HPLC method using a refractive index detector is adopted for the purity test and the assay. This article introduces an example of analysis of glucose based on the Japanese Pharmacopoeia.

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### ■ System Suitability Test

Three types of test solutions shall be analyzed in the system suitability test. Table 1 shows the compositions of each test solution.

Fig. 1 shows the chromatograms of the system suitability solution (top), standard solution (2) (middle), and standard solution (bottom). Table 2 shows the analytical conditions. In this analysis, maltotriose, maltose, glucose, and fructose were eluted in that order.

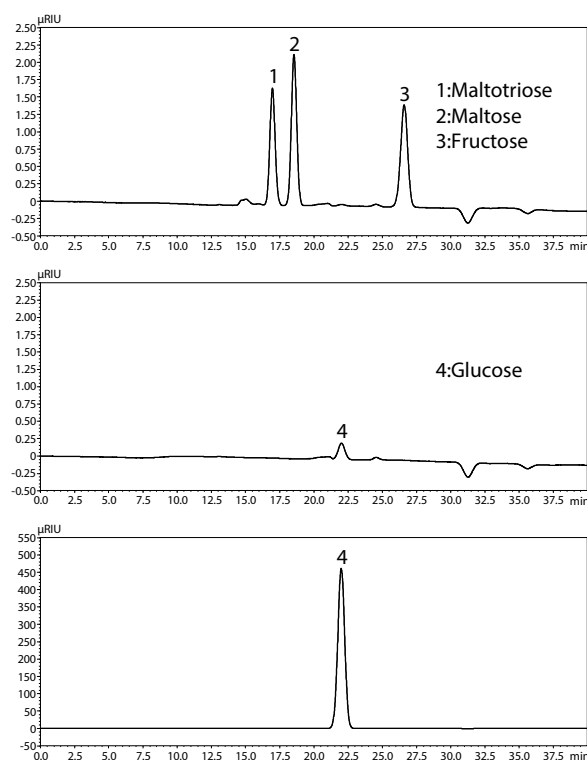
Table 3 shows the retention time of glucose and the relative retention time of each compound. Table 4 shows the criteria and results of the system suitability test. System suitability was satisfied for all items.

**Table 1 Compositions of Test Solutions**

Name	Components	Conc.
System Suitability Solution	Maltose	100 mg/L
	Maltotriose	100 mg/L
	Fructose	100 mg/L
Standard Solution (2)	Glucose	15 mg/L
Standard Solution	Glucose	30 g/L

**Table 2 Analytical Conditions**

System	: Prominence™-i
Column	: GL Science InertSphere Sugar-2 (300 mm L. × 7.8 mm I.D., 9 μm)
Mobile Phase	: Water
Flow Rate	: 0.3 mL/min
Column Temp.	: 85 °C
Injection Volume	: 20 μL
Detection	: Refractive Index Detector (RID-20A)
Cell Temp.	: 60 °C



**Fig. 1 Chromatograms of Four Sugar Components**  
Top: System Suitability Solution,  
Middle: Standard Solution (2),  
Bottom: Standard Solution

**Table 3 Retention Times of Compounds**

Items	Compound	Reference (Approx.)	Result
Retention Time (min)	Glucose	21	22.0
	Glucose	1	1
Relative Retention Time	Maltotriose	0.7	0.77
	Maltose/Isomaltose	0.8	0.84
	Fructose	1.3	1.21

**Table 4 Results of System Suitability Test**

Test items	Criteria	Result	Judgement
Resolution between Maltotriose and Maltose (System Suitability Solution)	≥ 1.3	2.1	Passed
Relative Standard Deviation of Peak Area (N=6) (Standard Solution)	≤ 1.0%	0.25%	Passed

### ■ Linearity of Calibration Curve

Fig. 2 shows the calibration curve for the glucose analyzed under the conditions in Table 1. The calibration curve was prepared in the concentration range between 10 and 50 g/L. As a result, good linearity with a contribution ratio ( $R^2$ ) of 0.9999 or more was obtained.

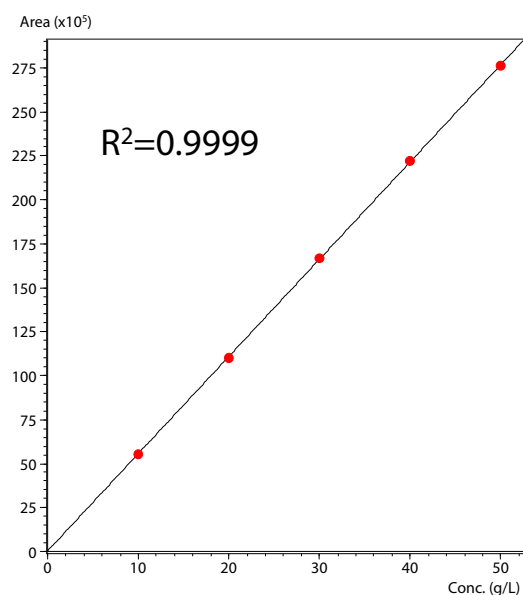


Fig. 2 Linearity of Calibration Curve

### ■ Contribution of Cell Temperature

In general, refractive index detectors are extremely susceptible to the temperature, and particularly, temperature change causes baseline drift. RID-20A, refractive index detector of Shimadzu, features an optical system with dual temperature control to maintain a constant temperature in the detector cell. Baseline drift is dramatically reduced in some cases, depending on the setting temperature of the detector cell.

Fig. 3 shows the chromatograms of the system suitability solution when the cell temperature was set to 60 °C (top) and to 40 °C (bottom). The baseline of the chromatogram with the 40 °C setting is extremely unstable, suggesting that it was not possible to maintain a constant temperature in the cell due to the large temperature difference between the column and the cell. Thus, when using a differential refractive index detector, it is important to minimize the temperature difference between the column and cell.

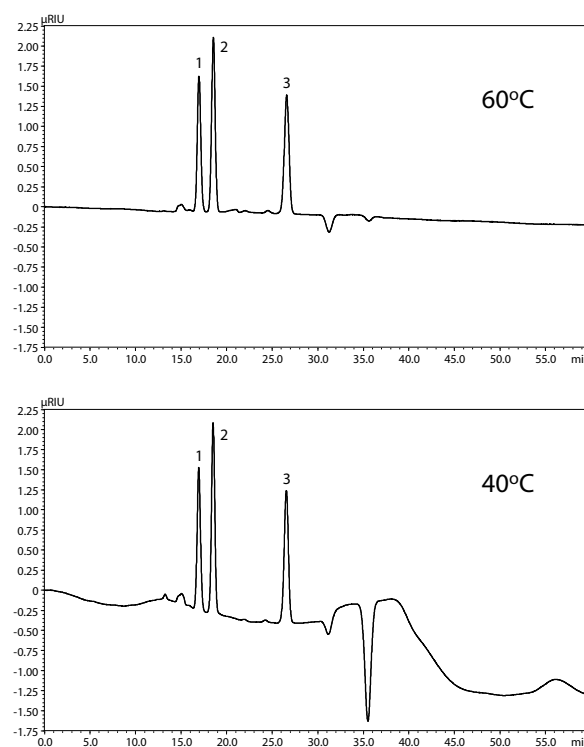


Fig. 3 Contribution of Cell Temperature on Baseline

#### Reference

- (1) Japanese Pharmacopoeia, 17th Edition, Supplement I (Notification No. 348 of the Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare, December 1, 2017.

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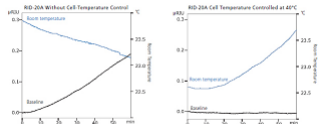
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# Related Products

Some products may be updated to newer models.



➤ **RID-20A**  
High-Sensitivity Refractive Index Detector



➤ **i-Series**  
High Performance Liquid Chromatograph

# Related Solutions

➤ Small Molecule Pharmaceutical

➤ Manufacturing, QA/QC

➤ Life Science

➤ Sugars - Category

➤ Price Inquiry

➤ Product Inquiry

➤ Technical Service / Support Inquiry

➤ Other Inquiry