Application News

Spectrophotometric Analysis

No.A399

Introduction of Japanese Pharmacopoeia Program

The upgraded version of IRsolution Ver. 1.40 that will be provided with the new Fourier Transform Infrared Spectrophotometer IRAffinity-1 is equipped as standard with the formerly optional "Pharma

■ Pharma Report Program

The Pharma Report program features the following 3 functions to support identification testing.

- Peak detection
- Spectrum output
- Report creation

Appropriate use of the above functions can be used to compare a measured spectrum with a reference spectrum to conduct evaluation.

Report Program".

The program, which enables simple identification testing according to the Japanese Pharmacopoeia, is introduced here in this Application News.

■ Peak Detection Feature

In peak detection, peaks corresponding to substances in the measured sample spectrum are detected. Up to 10 peaks can be specified. In addition, wavenumbers of particular interest can be displayed as marked wavenumbers (4 points maximum). Simply loading the sample spectrum and peak table of the constituent peaks allows display of the output results, like those shown in Fig. 1. The identification test evaluation method is effective when conducting confirmation (whether or not a specified peak is present) based on absorption wavenumber. In addition, it can also be used for conducting comparisons with the reference infrared absorption spectra contained in the Japanese Pharmacopoeia.

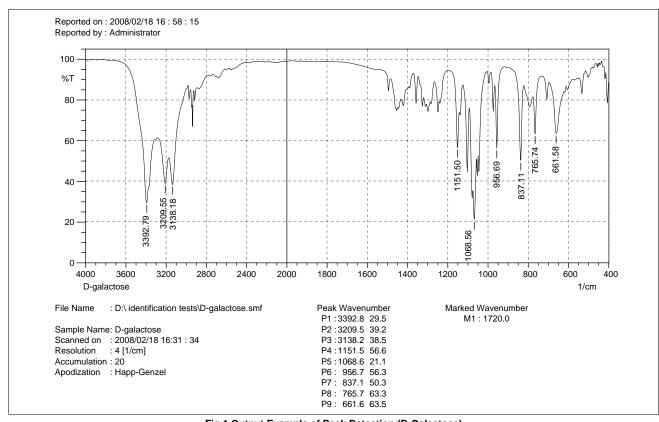


Fig.1 Output Example of Peak Detection (D-Galactose)

■ Spectrum Output Feature

The spectrum comparison feature operates so that the sample spectrum and the standard spectrum are printed along with one another. In the identification method published in the Japanese pharmacopeia general test methods for infrared absorption spectral measurement, it states that "a sample and standard substance are confirmed to be the same substance if the absorption intensities at the same wavenumbers are equivalent in the absorption spectra of the sample and reference sample when comparing the two spectra. (omitting the last part(*))" Visual confirmation of the sample and standard spectrum can be conducted when using the spectrum comparison feature. Fig. 2 shows an example of the spectrum output. The upper spectrum is that of the standard substance, and the lower is that of the sample.

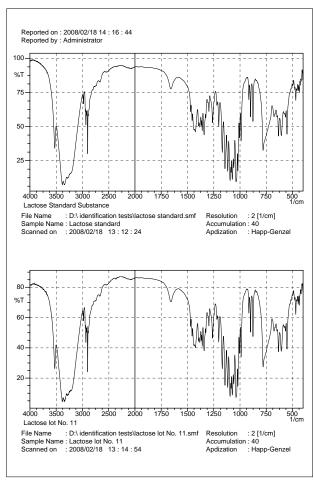


Fig.2 Output Example of Spectrum Comparison (Lactose)

■ Report Creation Feature

This "sample and standard substance are confirmed to be the same substance if the absorption intensities at the same wavenumbers are equivalent in the absorption spectra of the sample and reference sample" mentioned above is applied straightforwardly in report creation, with a pass/fail judgment assigned on the basis of comparison of the peak positions and peak intensity ratios of the sample and standard spectra. Evaluation is based on up to 10 peak positions and up to 4 of those peak intensity ratios. The tolerance values of the peak positions and peak intensity ratios can freely set. The pass/fail judgment result like that shown in Fig. 3 can be obtained by merely loading the sample and standard spectra and the peak table of those substances

(*) Reference: 15th Revision Japanese Pharmacopoeia Society of Japanese Pharmacopoeia Edition

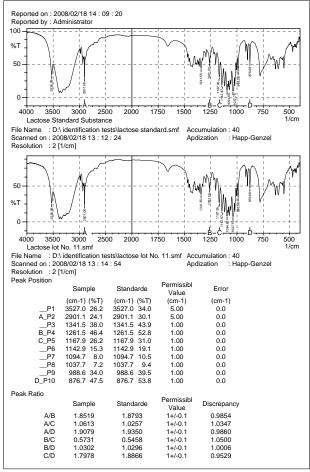


Fig.3 Output Example of Report Creation (Lactose)

NOTES

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