

## Application News

# No. i276

### Precision Universal Testing Machine

## Tensile Test of Metallic Material by Strain Rate Control Using a Strain Gauge Extensometer

When the international standard for tensile testing of metallic materials, ISO 6892, was revised in 2009 and the corresponding Japanese Industrial Standard, JIS Z 2241, was revised in 2011, a strain rate control method (measurement of strain with an extensometer) was added as a test item in addition to stress rate control as a method for loading materials to their yield point. Accompanying these changes, requests for tensile tests of metallic materials by strain rate control are now increasing.

A highly accurate extensometer is necessary when conducting strain rate control. The Shimadzu SSG-H series of strain gauge extensometers are precision extensometers utilizing a strain gauge and have a variety of outstanding features, including a wide elongation measurement range, light weight, and a one-touch clip-on design. The SSG-H series can be applied to both rod and flat plate specimens.

This article introduces an example in which the possibility of conducting ISO 6892-1:2019 compliant strain rate control was verified using a Shimadzu Autograph AGX™-100 kNV precision universal testing machine and an SSG50-10 SH strain gauge type one-touch extensometer.

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### Strain Rate Control

The standards provide three strain rate levels, as shown in Fig. 1, corresponding to the desired property value, and specify the strain rates shown below for the respective levels. So long as there are no other applicable requirements, use of the rates indicated by the \* symbol is recommended.

Strain rate until upper yield strength or proof strength is obtained (V1)

Range 1:  $(0.000\ 07 \pm 0.000\ 014)\ s^{-1}$  or

Range 2:  $(0.000\ 25 \pm 0.000\ 05)\ s^{-1}$  (\*)

Predicted strain rate of parallel part until lower yield strength is obtained (V2)

Range 2:  $(0.000\ 25 \pm 0.000\ 05)\ s^{-1}$  (\*) or

Range 3:  $(0.002 \pm 0.000\ 4)\ s^{-1}$

Predicted strain rate of parallel part until fracture is obtained thereafter (V3)

Range 2:  $(0.000\ 25 \pm 0.000\ 05)\ s^{-1}$  or

Range 3:  $(0.002 \pm 0.000\ 4)\ s^{-1}$  or

Range 4:  $(0.006\ 7 \pm 0.001\ 33)\ s^{-1}$  (\*)

The tolerance ranges at these respective strain rates correspond to  $\pm 20\%$  of the numerical values. The V1 and V3 rates are used in the present test, and the V2 rate is not used because the lower yield strength is not required. The ranges used are the two ranges 1 and 2 for V1 and the recommended rate, i.e., range 4, for V3. The strain rate switching point in this test was set at strain of 1%.

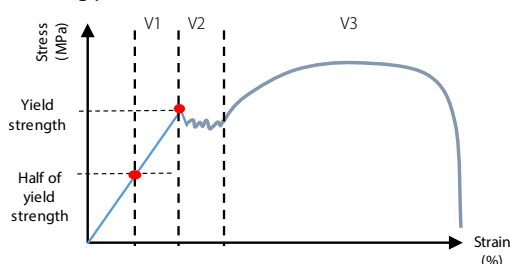


Fig. 1 Image of Rate Control

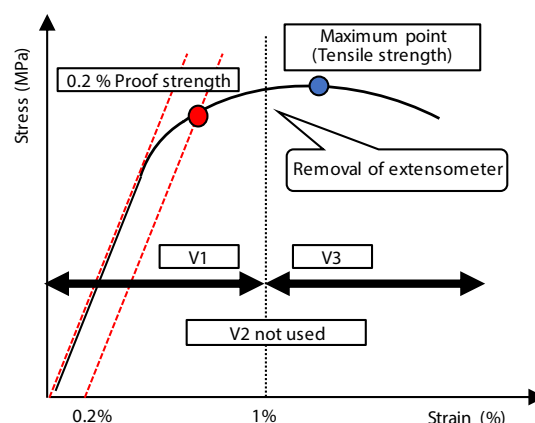


Fig. 2 Image of Rate Control in Present Test

Table 1 Test Rates (Strain Rate Control)

Test method	V1	V3
①	Strain rate <sup>*1</sup>	Predicted strain rate <sup>*2</sup>
②	0.000 07 s <sup>-1</sup>	0.006 7 s <sup>-1</sup>
	0.000 25 s <sup>-1</sup>	(40 %/min)

\*1 "Strain rate" is defined as the "increment of strain per unit time" measured from the displacement of the gauge length of the specimen using an extensometer.

\*2 "Predicted strain rate" is defined as the "increase of strain per unit time" when the separation of the cross head of the testing machine is regarded as the strain increase of the specimen parallel length.

### Test Specimen and Instrument Composition

Table 2 and Fig. 3 show the instrument composition and the condition of the test, respectively. Table 3 and Fig. 4 show the test specimen and a schematic diagram of the specimen. JIS No. 5 test pieces were used in this measurement test.

Table 2 Instrument Composition

Testing machine	AGX-100 kNV
Load cell capacity	100 kN
Jig	Pneumatic non-shift wedge grip
Displacement gauge	SSG50-10 SH strain gauge type one-touch extensometer
Software	TRAPEZIUM™X-V (Single)

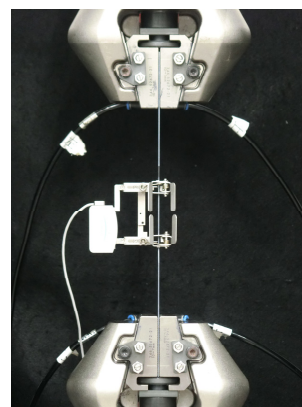


Fig. 3 Specimen and Jigs for Tensile Testing

Table 3 Test Specimen

Material	SPCC
Specimen geometry	JIS Z 2241 No. 5 test piece

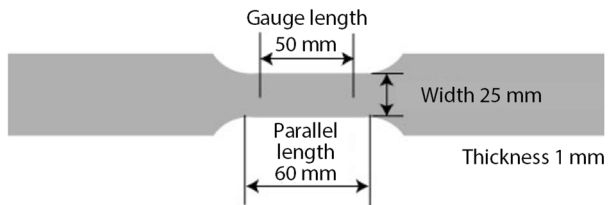


Fig. 4 Schematic Diagram of Specimen

Test Results

Table 4 shows the test results, and Fig. 5 shows the stress-strain curves. Close values were obtained in the measurements at the two test rates ① and ②.

Fig. 6 shows the relationship of the strain rates and the stress-strain curves. The tolerance range for strain rate control in the standards is specified as  $\pm 20\%$ . In Fig. 6, the region of the  $\pm 20\%$  tolerance range for strain rate control specified in the standards is shown in yellow, and the  $\pm 10\%$  region is shown in red as reference. It was possible to conduct tests that amply satisfied the strain rate control tolerance range ( $\pm 20\%$ ). Moreover, the results trended within  $\pm 10\%$  of the specified value at almost all strain rates, indicating that more accurate strain rate control is possible.

Table 4 Test Results

		①	②
Maximum test force	(N)	8594.2	8591.6
Tensile strength	(N/mm <sup>2</sup> )	351.5	350.8
Elastic modulus	(GPa)	190.8	190.5
0.2 % Proof strength	(N/mm <sup>2</sup> )	245.3	247.3

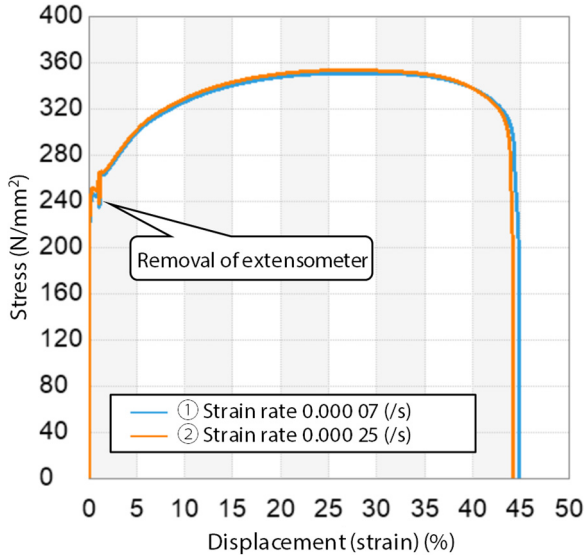


Fig. 5 Stress-Strain Curve

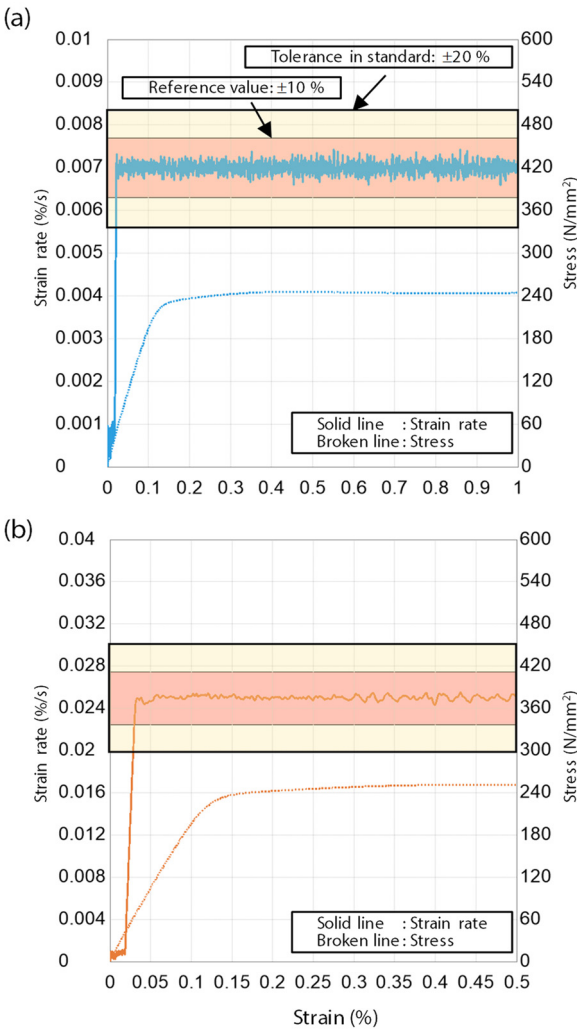


Fig. 6 Strain Rates and Stress-Strain Curves  
(a) Test Method ① Strain Rate 0.000 07 (/s)  
(b) Test Method ② Strain Rate 0.000 25 (/s)

Conclusion

Strain rate control in the strain rate tolerance range of  $\pm 20\%$  specified in the standards for tensile testing of metallic materials is possible if the Shimadzu AGX-100 kN and SSG-H series strain gauge extensometer are used, enabling testing that amply satisfies the standards. A function which enables a graphic display of the strain rate, as shown in Fig. 6, has been added to TRAPEZIUM X-V, making it possible to confirm that measurement was conducted in conformance with the standard immediately after the measurement.

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