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Annual Securities Report

Shimadzu Corporation

The 162nd Business Term (April 1, 2024 to March 31, 2025)

Part I Information of the Company

I. Overview of the Company

5. Employees

(4) Percentage of female workers in managerial positions, percentage of male workers taking childcare leave, and wage differences between male and female workers

1) Reporting company

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2025				
Percentage of female workers in managerial positions (%) (Note 1, 3, 5)	Percentage of male workers taking childcare leave (%) (Note 2, 6)	Wage differences between male and female workers (%) (Note 1, 4, 6)		
		All employees	Regular employees	Non-regular employees
5.8	70.6	66.8	73.7	46.4

Notes: 1 This is calculated based on the provisions of the Act on Promotion of Women's Participation and Advancement in the Workplace (Act No. 64 of 2015).

2 This is the percentage of employees taking childcare leave, etc. as stipulated in Article 71-6, item (i) of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Act on Childcare Leave, Caregiver Leave, and Other Measures for the Welfare of Workers Caring for Children or Other Family Members (Ordinance of the Ministry of Labor No. 25 of 1991), which is calculated based on the provisions of the Act on Childcare Leave, Caregiver Leave, and Other Measures for the Welfare of Workers Caring for Children or Other Family Members (Act No. 76 of 1991).

3 The Company appoints employees to managerial positions based on their abilities, regardless of their gender, nationality, or age.

4 The Company applies the same standards to the wages based on the employees' responsibilities, abilities, etc., regardless of their gender.

5 The aggregated targets for the percentage of female workers in managerial positions do not include those seconded from the reporting company but include those seconded from outside the company.

6 The aggregated targets for the percentage of male workers taking childcare leave and the wage differences between male and female workers are employees who were originally hired by the reporting company.

2) Consolidated subsidiaries

• Consolidated subsidiaries in Japan with 301 or more employees

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2025					
Name	Percentage of female workers in managerial positions (%) (Note 1, 3, 5)	Percentage of male workers taking childcare leave (%) (Note 2, 6)	Wage differences between male and female workers (%) (Note 1, 4, 6)		
			All employees	Regular employees	Non-regular employees
Shimadzu Access Corporation	1.4	47.8	66.5	71.7	56.5
Shimadzu Medical Systems Corporation	3.4	22.2	67.5	69.5	65.1
Shimane Shimadzu Corporation	0.0	42.9	63.0	74.9	71.7
Shimadzu A-tech Manufacturing Corporation	5.3	100.0	82.5	86.3	94.5
Shimadzu Precision Technology, Ltd.	10.5	41.7	85.0	90.7	86.8
Shimadzu Trustech Corporation	11.4	100.0	88.3	86.6	65.7

Notes: 1 This is calculated based on the provisions of the Act on Promotion of Women's Participation and Advancement in the Workplace (Act No. 64 of 2015).

2 This is the percentage of employees taking childcare leave, etc. as stipulated in Article 71-6, item (i) of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Act on Childcare Leave, Caregiver Leave, and Other Measures for the Welfare of Workers Caring for Children or Other Family Members (Ordinance of the Ministry of Labor No. 25 of 1991), which is calculated based on the provisions of the Act on Childcare Leave, Caregiver Leave, and Other Measures for the Welfare of Workers Caring for Children or Other Family Members (Act No. 76 of 1991).

3 The Group appoints employees to managerial positions based on their abilities, regardless of their gender, nationality, or age.

4 The Group applies the same standards to the wages based on the employees' responsibilities, abilities, etc., regardless of their gender.

5 The aggregated targets for the percentage of female workers in managerial positions do not include those seconded from the company but include those seconded from outside the company.

6 The aggregated targets for the percentage of male workers taking childcare leave and the wage differences between male and female workers are employees who were originally hired by Group companies.

• Consolidated subsidiaries in Japan with 101 to 300 employees

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2025	
Name	Percentage of female workers in managerial positions (%) (Note)
Shimadzu Industrial Systems Co., Ltd.	0.0
Shimadzu Science East Corporation	3.6
Shimadzu Diagnostics Corporation	9.8
Shimadzu Techno-Research, Inc.	17.5
Shimadzu Rika Corporation	0.0
Shimadzu System Solutions Co., Ltd.	0.0
Shimadzu General Services, Inc.	30.8
Shimadzu Business Systems Corporation	3.1
Shimadzu Logistics Service Corporation	0.0

Note: This is calculated based on the provisions of the Act on Promotion of Women's Participation and Advancement in the Workplace (Act No. 64 of 2015).

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2025	
Name	Percentage of male workers taking childcare leave (%) (Note)
Shimadzu Industrial Systems Co., Ltd.	50.0
Shimadzu Business Systems Corporation	75.0
Shimadzu Logistics Service Corporation	80.0

Note: This is the percentage of employees taking childcare leave, etc. as stipulated in Article 71-6, item (i) of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Act on Childcare Leave, Caregiver Leave, and Other Measures for the Welfare of Workers Caring for Children or Other Family Members (Ordinance of the Ministry of Labor No. 25 of 1991), which is calculated based on the provisions of the Act on Childcare Leave, Caregiver Leave, and Other Measures for the Welfare of Workers Caring for Children or Other Family Members (Act No. 76 of 1991).

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2025			
Name	Wage differences between male and female workers (%) (Note)		
	All employees	Regular employees	Non-regular employees
Shimadzu Industrial Systems Co., Ltd.	62.3	71.2	44.4

Note: This is calculated based on the provisions of the Act on Promotion of Women's Participation and Advancement in the Workplace (Act No. 64 of 2015).

3) Consolidated companies

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2025				
Percentage of female workers in managerial positions (%) (Note 2, 4, 6)	Percentage of male workers taking childcare leave (%) (Note 3, 7)	Wage differences between male and female workers (%) (Note 2, 5, 6)		
		All employees	Regular employees	Non-regular employees
12.3	59.9	68.6	71.9	53.2

- Notes: 1 Consolidated companies as stipulated in Article 2, item (v) of the Regulation on Terminology, Forms and Preparation Methods of Consolidated Financial Statements (Ministry of Finance Order No. 28 of 1976) are the subject of this item.
- 2 This is calculated based on the provisions of the Act on Promotion of Women's Participation and Advancement in the Workplace (Act No. 64 of 2015).
- 3 This is the percentage of employees taking childcare leave, etc. as stipulated in Article 71-6, item (i) of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Act on Childcare Leave, Caregiver Leave, and Other Measures for the Welfare of Workers Caring for Children or Other Family Members (Ordinance of the Ministry of Labor No. 25 of 1991), which is calculated based on the provisions of the Act on Childcare Leave, Caregiver Leave, and Other Measures for the Welfare of Workers Caring for Children or Other Family Members (Act No. 76 of 1991).
- 4 The Group appoints employees to managerial positions based on their abilities, regardless of their gender, nationality, or age.
- 5 The Group applies the same standards to the wages based on the employees' responsibilities, abilities, etc., regardless of their gender.
- 6 Indicators for the percentage of female workers in managerial positions and the wage differences between male and female workers are aggregated including the subsidiaries outside Japan, and the definition and the calculation method are compliant with the Act on Promotion of Women's Participation and Advancement in the Workplace (Act No. 64 of 2015).
- 7 The indicator for the percentage of male workers taking childcare leave does not include the aggregated figure from consolidated subsidiaries outside Japan.

II. Business Overview

2. Approach and initiatives toward sustainability

The Group's approach and initiatives toward sustainability are as follows.

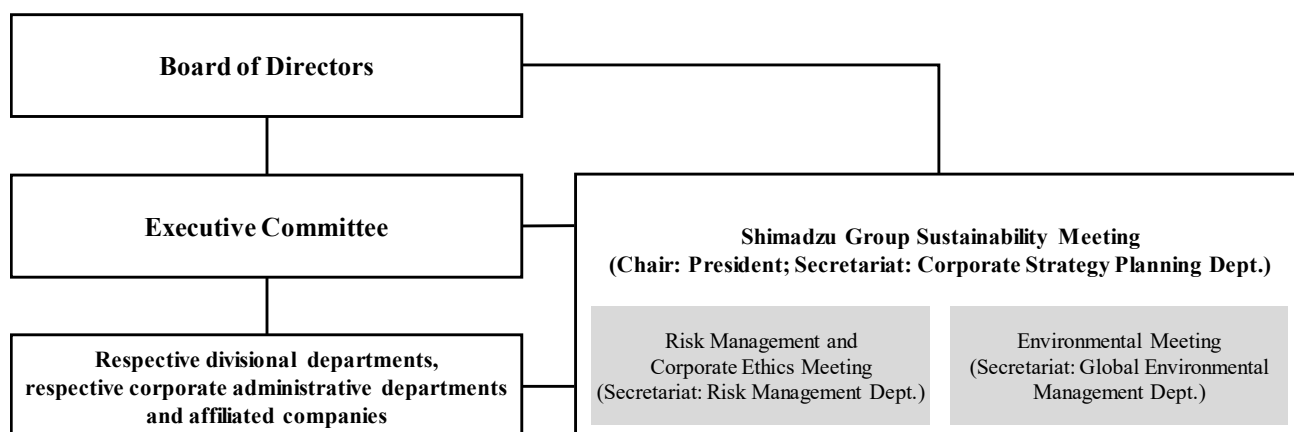
Note that matters concerning the future in the text are based on the judgment of the Group as of the end of the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025.

(Overall sustainability)

Based on the corporate philosophy “Contributing to Society through Science and Technology” and the management principle “Realizing Our Wishes for the Well-being of Mankind and the Earth,” the Company has established Shimadzu Group Sustainability Charter and implements sustainability management.

The Group conducts corporate activities as a unified group based on a two-pronged approach of “solving challenges in society through business operations” and “engaging in responsible activities as a member of society” and carries out sustainability management aiming for “sustainability of the global environment and society,” “sustainability and growth of Shimadzu Group business activities,” and “improvement of employees’ health and engagement.”

<Governance>



Organization	Roles	Frequency of meetings	Person with responsibility
Board of Directors	The Board of Directors is responsible for decision-making of important policies and plans related to sustainability management, and the oversight of business execution.	Once a month	Chairman
Executive Committee	Under the oversight of the Board of Directors, the Executive Committee plays a role in prompt and accurate business execution through the deliberation and supervision of sustainability management.	Three times a month	President
Shimadzu Group Sustainability Meeting [Specialized committees] • Risk Management and Corporate Ethics Meeting • Environmental Meeting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Shimadzu Group Sustainability Meeting is the highest deliberative body regarding sustainability management. Key issues, implementation policies, plans, and KPIs are discussed and progress is monitored. Major themes and KPIs are derived from the Medium-Term Management Plan, business policies, and social trends, etc., and are determined after deliberations by the Shimadzu Group Sustainability Meeting. For particularly important areas of compliance, risk management, and environmental management, specialized committees have been established to report and discuss more specialized issues and themes. 	Twice a year	President

As an organization for implementing sustainability management in the Group, we have established the Shimadzu Group Sustainability Meeting. The Meeting consists of the Chairman, President, administrative corporate executive officers, Audit & Supervisory Board members, divisional general managers, corporate administrative department

general managers, representatives from Group companies in and outside Japan, and others, and the Corporate Strategy Planning Department acts as its secretariat.

In addition, specialized committees have been established for the resolution of social issues through business activities, risk management activities, and environmental management, based on the belief that these are particularly important aspects of sustainability management.

The results of the Meetings are reported to the Board of Directors, and the directors and Audit & Supervisory Board members make recommendations on the implementation and further development of sustainability management.

<Strategy>

The Group has set “Contributing to Society through Science and Technology” as its corporate philosophy and “Realizing Our Wishes for the Well-being of Mankind and the Earth” as its management principle. The Group is committed to earning the trust of its customers, shareholders, business partners, employees, local communities, and other stakeholders by utilizing the science, technology and know-how it has cultivated over the years since its founding in 1875, and to achieving sustainable business and society. In addition, in order to embody the corporate philosophy and management principle as sustainability management, the “Shimadzu Group Sustainability Charter” has been established, which sets forth the following seven material issues (materiality) in the Shimadzu Group Sustainability Management Implementation Policy from the perspective of both the impact of the Company’s business activities on society and the opportunities and risks associated with business activities.

- 1) “Contributing to Human Life & Well-Being,” 2) “Contributing to Well-Being of the Earth,” and 3) “Contributing to Industrial Development and a Safe & Secure Society”
- 4) “Advancement and Sophistication of Science and Technology” and 5) “Increase of Development and Manufacturing Capabilities”
- 6) “Enhancement of the Governance” and 7) “Development of Human Resources”

These seven material issues (materiality) are linked to the Medium-Term Management Plan. In the current Medium-Term Management Plan, we have set out “pursuing planetary health (the well-being of mankind and the Earth)” as what we aim to be, and we are promoting initiatives to address materiality through the provision of values in each of the four domains of social value creation: Healthcare, Green, Materials, and Industry.

<Risk management>

The Group will organically and integrally function risk management (measures against business-related risks) and compliance and internal control (responses against risks associated with business executions), implement management strategies and achieve business objectives to maximize corporate value.

This integrated risk management structure consists of the following four efforts:

(1) Risk management (measures against business-related risks)	As an activity to properly manage business-related risks, we have established and practice the Shimadzu Group Risk Management Regulation that stipulates preventing risks before they occur, resolving a crisis event quickly, minimizing a loss and impact due to it, and laterally spreading the investigation of the cause and the prevention measures.
(2) Compliance	As the Group operates a variety of businesses globally, we are subject to approvals, licenses, and regulations by laws and regulations and governments of countries and regions around the world including security export control, anti-bribery, and competition laws, and we are striving to respect such regulations. We not only comply with such laws and regulations but also act in accordance with international norms, stipulate the Shimadzu Group Corporate Code of Ethics under the corporate philosophy, the management principle, and the Shimadzu Group Sustainability Charter as the ethical standard the Group's officers and employees should share and respect, and practice "compliance takes precedence over everything."
(3) Internal control (responses against risks associated with business executions)	We have established an internal control system to ensure business executions by the Group's officers and employees are compliant with laws and regulations and the Articles of Incorporation and such operations are conducted properly and efficiently In case of a violation, the Group promptly shares its details and disciplinary action to hold back the occurrence of similar acts In addition, under the protection of personal information and strict management of confidential information, we properly disclose and offer information to external parties as appropriate through PR and IR activities and websites.
(4) Monitoring	We organizationally and continuously review and evaluate whether risk management, internal control, and compliance are all functioning effectively at each stage of the three lines of business, administrative, and audit divisions. Starting from FY 2023, we have formulated an operational audit policy and are conducting audits in each global region (Europe, North America, China, and Asia). We will increase the frequency of audits and encourage business divisions (the first line) and administrative divisions (the second line) of each Group company to conduct daily and proper monitoring.

<Indicators and targets>

Based on the “Shimadzu Group Sustainability Charter” and related regulations, the Group has established material issues (materiality) linked to the Medium-Term Management Plan, and the Shimadzu Group Sustainability Meeting sets specific KPIs corresponding to materiality every year.

The main KPIs for FY 2024 are as follows.

Contributing to well-being of the Earth	<Climate change measures> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reduction of CO2 emissions from business activities and product use Direct emissions: FY 2025: 8,500 tons of CO2 emissions (*1), In 2050: Net zero Avoided emissions (*2): FY 2025: 12,000 tons of CO2 emissions (exceeding direct emissions) <Sustainable resource use> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Adoption of sustainable materials (*3) to products FY 2023-2025: A cumulative total of 10 products or more Resource circulation among production and development sites in Japan FY 2023-2025: Maintaining a recycling rate of 99.6% or more
Enhancement of the governance	<Promotion of CSR procurement> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Increase of suppliers that implement self-assessment of CSR FY 2025: 100% (percentage in the value of orders to subcontractors) <Enhancement of the Group’s governance> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Implementation of global and exhaustive internal audit (operational audit) FY 2025: 100% (percentage of coverage for internal audits in Group companies)
Development of human resources	<Further promotion of women’s participation and advancement> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Percentage of female employees in managerial positions (consolidated) FY 2025: 12%, FY 2030: 15%

*1 New target set after achieving 10,000 tons of CO2 emissions

*2 CO2 emissions reduced by customers using Eco-Products Plus products of the Company

*3 Bio-derived or recycle-derived resin materials

Among these, details of the measures for addressing climate change and human capital are provided below.

(Measures for addressing climate change)

Under the Shimadzu Group Sustainability Charter, the Group works on the measures for addressing climate change through business activities to “Contributing to Well-Being of the Earth.”

The Group considers environmental problems as one of the most important management challenges, and to address the problems of climate change in particular, we are engaged in reducing CO₂ emissions generated from business activities throughout the value chain and offering products and solutions that contribute to creating innovations in the environmental, so-called green area. We also endorsed the recommendations of the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD) and have remained committed to disclosing relevant information.

<Governance>

The Group’s measures for climate-related risks and opportunities and for solving management challenges are discussed by the Environmental Meeting (chaired by the President and convenes twice a year), which is the specialized committee for environmental problems.

The content of discussions is reported to the Executive Committee and reported to and discussed by the Board of Directors to ensure appropriate monitoring and supervision capabilities by the Board of Directors. Important matters relevant to the Group’s environmental management are also deliberated and decided by the Board of Directors.

<Strategy>

1. Identifying climate-change risks and opportunities

When identifying climate-related risks and opportunities that could affect the Group’s businesses, strategies, or finances, the driving factors of climate change expected to have a large impact on the Company’s businesses are identified and organized in two global scenarios; one where carbon reduction efforts result in a 1.5°C temperature increase, and the other where current global warming trends increase temperatures by 4°C.

	Drivers of climate change relevant to the “social value creation areas” of the Company				Other drivers of climate change
	Healthcare	Green (GX)	Materials	Industry	
1.5°C increase in global temperature		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Widespread adoption of fossil-free and CO₂-free fuels Increased renewable energy usage rate Shift to electric vehicles CO₂ recovery/reuse adopted in actual practice Expanded utilization of biomass resources 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lighter and stronger materials Expanded demand for batteries and electric power storage systems 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Modal shift, decarbonization of logistics Achieving carbon neutrality of society by electrification and strengthening digital infrastructure resilience 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Introduction and strengthening of carbon pricing systems Sharp price increases for products in industries with high energy intensity Increased market penetration and demand for environmentally friendly products Intensified R&D competition
4°C increase in global temperature	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Increase in infectious diseases due to higher air temperatures 			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> More resilient public infrastructure 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> More frequent and severe wind and water disasters

Using this as a starting point, we have organized major risks and opportunities related to the Company’s

businesses and analyzed scenarios based on the climate change scenarios, etc. offered by the IEA (International Energy Agency) while research and technological development related to carbon neutrality is expected to progress in various industrial fields.

2. Impacts on businesses, strategies, and finances based on climate change scenarios

Results of the analysis of the impacts on the Company's businesses, strategies, and finances for a carbon-free scenario (1.5°C increase) and the current scenario (4°C increase) are evaluated and organized as follows.

1.5°C increase in global temperature	Demand for the Company's products might decrease if energy, power generation, transport equipment, and other industries that use fossil fuels transition to a carbon-free society. On the other hand, demand for the Company's products such as analytical and measuring instruments related to research and development is expected to increase in a wide variety of industries due to advancements in research and development related to clean energy, batteries, and new materials and investments in production facilities and infrastructures.
4°C increase in global temperature	Larger impacts from physical risks are expected to result in a more urgent need to increase the resilience of public infrastructure, which will presumably increase market needs for developing and supplying various testing machines used to reinforce and replace public infrastructure. Changes are also expected in medical market conditions, such as the spread of vector-borne infectious diseases over larger regions due to higher air temperatures. On the other hand, supply chain interruptions caused by physical risks could result in circumstances with negative impacts, such as being forced to stop the Company's business activities.

- Impacts on businesses, strategies, and finances of the Company based on climate change scenarios

The Company is striving to reduce CO₂ emissions from business activities by actively promoting energy efficiency and energy reuse and has signed up with RE100, an international environmental initiative aiming for 100% renewable energy for electricity used. In addition, due to the products and services being supplied to a wide variety of industries, such as pharmaceuticals, healthcare, environmental, energy, semiconductors, and materials, the collective scope of customer industries is particularly broad. Consequently, we think it is very unlikely that a contraction in any particular industry would cause a significant impact on the Company's finances.

In terms of opportunities resulting from climate change, a wide variety of opportunities are expected to emerge in various industries and fields for both 1.5°C and 4°C global warming scenarios. Assuming measures to achieve 1.5°C global warming will reduce overall risks for society, the Company is also engaged in business practices intended to achieve a target 1.5°C temperature increase. Specifically, the Company designs all products to be environmentally friendly, such as by making them more energy efficient, and continues to increase the percentage of Eco-Products Plus products that offer particularly high environmental performance. We also continue to supply and invest in developing products that contribute to mitigating or accommodating climate change.

Overall, we think we can maintain the Company's business, strategy, and financial resilience with respect to climate change by responding to climate change and implementing measures in accordance with the transition plan indicated in the next section to appropriately identify climate change opportunities and achieve sustained growth.

3. Transition plan for achieving a carbon-free society

- Mitigation of climate change (achieving target 1.5°C increase)

In an effort to help achieve the 1.5°C temperature increase target specified by the Paris Agreement, the Group set a target of achieving net-zero CO₂ emissions from business activities by 2050 and is actively engaged in reducing CO₂ emissions accordingly. To reduce CO₂ emissions from our supply chain, we have specified a target for reducing CO₂ emissions from customers using products of the Company.

- Capturing and maximization of opportunities

We will achieve sustained growth by strategically developing and supplying products for mitigating and accommodating climate change to help customers achieve carbon-free businesses. We will also make efforts to strengthen development bases and supply systems to respond to the changing demand for the Company's products.

<Risk management>

The Global Environmental Management Department is the main body that identifies climate change risks in each business that could affect the Group's businesses, strategies, or finances and identifies risks with high importance based on climate change scenarios. Results of identification and evaluation are discussed and confirmed by the Environmental Meeting.

<Indicators and targets>

The Group intends to reduce CO2 emissions from business activities to net zero (carbon neutral) by 2050.

- FY 2050 targets
 - Reduce CO2 emissions from business activities to net zero.
 - Increase the percentage of renewable energy use to 100%.
- FY 2040 target
 - Reduce CO2 emissions from business activities by at least 90% (vs FY 2017).
- FY 2030 targets
 - Reduce CO2 emissions from business activities by at least 85% (vs FY 2017). (*)
 - Reduce CO2 emissions from customers using the products sold by the Group by at least 30% (vs FY 2020).
- * The Shimadzu Group's CO2 emission reduction targets for FY 2030 are certified as "targets that are consistent with the standard to limit the temperature increase to 1.5°C above pre-industrial levels" in the Paris Agreement by SBT (Science Based Targets), an international initiative that encourages reductions based on scientific evidence.

(Human resources)

<Strategy>

1. Shimadzu's human resources strategy

People are the greatest asset of a company, and the Shimadzu Group's source of competitiveness is the power of human resources. We intend to sustainably increase corporate value by having our employees implement the corporate philosophy "Contributing to Society through Science and Technology" and work to solve challenges in society with our partners around the world based on a two-pronged approach of technology development and social implementation capabilities. In our human resources strategy, we will promote development and attraction of human resources that lead innovations toward solving challenges in society in cooperation with diverse partners under the slogan of "Leadership & Diversity."

2. Human resources development policy

We define the human resources the Group seeks as those who have a high sense of ethics, utilize diverse perspectives and expertise, take on challenges, accomplish them, and grow autonomously, and foster a corporate culture where employees work autonomously, take on challenges, and constantly learn and grow. In addition, the Company has been promoting the development of management executive candidates, business leaders, and highly-specialized human resources through the launch of "Shimadzu Academy" to realize business strategies and strengthen the management base. In order to implement innovative technologies in society, it is necessary to have the ability to quickly provide total solutions, including products and services, and to learn from both successes and failures to take the next step. "Shimadzu Academy" offers a curriculum that puts learning and experience into practice.

Corporate culture fostering	<p>The Company is promoting initiatives for its employees to learn about our businesses, culture, and history deeply, and to foster corporate culture. Under the slogan of “Leadership & Diversity,” we are promoting the creation of an environment where people can deepen their understanding of diversity and demonstrate leadership. As all employees take on challenges and continue learning autonomously, we are fostering a corporate culture based on learning and growth and, at the same time, developing initiatives that lead to the creation of social value.</p>	<div><p>Desired employee capabilities</p><p>The diagram illustrates the desired employee capabilities centered around 'Leadership & Diversity'. It features a central circle with 'Leadership & Diversity' surrounded by eight hexagonal nodes, each with a descriptive phrase and an arrow pointing towards the center. The nodes are: 'Ability to take on new challenges' (top, 'Boldly take on new challenges'), 'Growth potential' (top-right, 'Learn from success and failure and grow on one's own'), 'Analytical ability' (right, 'Grasp the essence of issues through exhaustive analysis'), 'Diversity' (bottom-right, 'Understand and respect diversity'), 'Integrity' (bottom, 'Fulfill the expectations of others with integrity and high ethical standards'), 'Expertise' (bottom-left, 'Increase one's expertise and pursuit uniqueness'), 'Power to complete' (left, 'Persevere and never give up'), and 'Strategic thinking' (top-left, 'Develop scenarios to achieve goals'). At the bottom, a grey bar contains the text: 'Realize a work climate that thoroughly carries out compliance'.</p></div>
Human resources development to strengthen business strategies and management base	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Development of management executive candidates• Development of business leaders• Development of highly-specialized human resources	

3. Internal environmental improvement policy

The Company defines a “well-being workplace” as a place where diverse human resources are healthy, feel job satisfaction, and can take on new challenges to realize their dream and growth. To create the workplace we aim for, we promote an organizational culture that leverages diversity, a personnel system that fosters a challenging mindset, a healthy and safe workplace, and measures to realize thorough compliance.

Creating an organizational culture that leverages diversity (promotion of DE&I)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Attracting diverse human resources and their participation and advancement The Company intends to attract diverse and talented human resources regardless of their nationality, gender, or experiences and realize their participation and advancement. In particular, to secure specialized human resources with advanced technical expertise and business management skills, we are promoting various recruitment activities, including technical and administrative internships, as well as participation in programs that enable students from foreign universities to work in Japan. We are also engaged in increasing the percentage of female employees in managerial positions by actively hiring female employees and offering career-design training. The Company has also established an acceptance program from many countries and regions where we operate to the Head Office to take in more overseas human resources. <table><tr><th>Items</th><th>Targets</th><th>FY 2024 Results</th></tr><tr><td>Percentage of female employees in employees</td><td>—</td><td>21.5%</td></tr><tr><td>(Percentage of female employees in employees younger than the age of 30)</td><td>—</td><td>(26.4%)</td></tr><tr><td>Percentage of female employees in newly-hired graduates</td><td>30% or more every year</td><td>27.8% (*2)</td></tr><tr><td>Percentage of female employees taking childcare leave</td><td>100% every year</td><td>100%</td></tr><tr><td>Percentage of female employees returning from childcare leave</td><td>100% every year</td><td>100%</td></tr><tr><td>Percentage of female employees in managerial positions</td><td>12% (in 2030)</td><td>5.8%</td></tr></table> <p>*1 Each item shows the status of the Company. *2 Results of recruitment activities in FY 2024</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Flexible working system The Company has introduced a flexible working system such as flexible working hours and working from home to improve productivity and realize a work style that meets the circumstances of each employee such as childcare and nursing care. In the future, we will expand the flexible working system to Group companies to attract and retain diverse human resources in the Group.	Items	Targets	FY 2024 Results	Percentage of female employees in employees	—	21.5%	(Percentage of female employees in employees younger than the age of 30)	—	(26.4%)	Percentage of female employees in newly-hired graduates	30% or more every year	27.8% (*2)	Percentage of female employees taking childcare leave	100% every year	100%	Percentage of female employees returning from childcare leave	100% every year	100%	Percentage of female employees in managerial positions	12% (in 2030)	5.8%
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Percentage of female employees in employees	—	21.5%																				
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Percentage of female employees returning from childcare leave	100% every year	100%																				
Percentage of female employees in managerial positions	12% (in 2030)	5.8%																				
Creating a personnel system that fosters a challenging mindset	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Transformation of personnel and evaluation systems The Company promotes employees to take on challenges autonomously through various commendation systems such as an in-house competition system and company-wide performance awards. In addition, starting from FY 2024, we introduced a multi-track personnel system consisting of management-track and professional-track human resources. we will aim to improve employees' mindset to take on challenges and engagement by enabling each employee to autonomously enhance their expertise, leverage their strengths, and advance their career through a variety of challenges.																					

Creating a healthy and safe workplace with thorough compliance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Health management The Company is engaged in health management measures such as health promotion events and offering our technology to employees and their families through breast PET scans and mild cognitive impairment (MCI) screening tests and was recognized as a “White 500” company with outstanding health and productivity management practices for nine years in a row up to 2025. In the future, we will promote global health promotion activities that involve the entire Group in and outside Japan, such as the development of health promotion apps, to further enhance the well-being of our employees. • Health and safety In addition to safety training designated by law, the Company is engaged in cultivating safety awareness through safety training using video educational materials at team learning in each workplace, hazard experience training, etc., and reducing safety risks through thorough workplace patrol activities. In the future, we will expand these activities to a wide range of Group companies and strengthen risk assessments with the aim of realizing zero accidents. • Compliance To promote a deeper awareness of corporate ethics, the Company has created the Shimadzu Group Corporate Ethics Guidelines, which provides detailed explanations of the Shimadzu Group Corporate Code of Ethics, which serves as a guideline for employee behavior, in more easily understandable terms. In addition, we conduct corporate ethics training and harassment prevention training at the Head Office and Group companies using annual e-learning classes or educational booklets, and compliance training through group training sessions.
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<Indicators and targets>

(1) Indicators and targets related to human resources development policy	Indicators	Targets (FY 2025)	Results (FY 2024)
	1) Shimadzu Leadership & Diversity training	Deployed to all Group companies	Review the plan
	2) Number of participants in the management executive candidate development program	130	136 (*1) (including former program)
	3) Number of highly-specialized human resources (holders of doctoral degrees or advanced qualifications (*3))	500	509 (*2)
	4) Number of employees who have completed business leader development training	1,000	905 (*1)
	5) Number of employees who have completed DX training	7,000	6,865 (*2)
<p>*1 This is the status of the Company.</p> <p>*2 This is the status of the Company and Group companies in Japan.</p> <p>*3 Holders of doctoral degrees or other highly difficult national certifications, etc. (professional engineers, patent attorneys, 1st-grade mechanical design engineers, class-1 or class-2 chief electrical engineers, level-4-equivalent IT qualification holders, attorneys-at-law, certified public accountants, certified tax accountants, MBA holders, and others), holders of in-house qualifications</p>			

(2) Indicators and targets related to internal environmental improvement policy	Indicators		Targets		Results (FY 2024)	
	1) Percentage of female employees in managerial positions	The Company and the Group companies	FY 2030	15% or more	12.3%	
		The Company	FY 2030	12% or more	5.8%	
	2) Percentage of the internships conducted for recruitment purposes in the hiring of new graduates for career positions (*1)		FY 2025	20% (30)	31.3% (31)	
	3) Number of Group companies having introduced a flexible working system		FY 2025	23 companies in Japan (100%)	17 companies in Japan (74%)	
	4) Percentage of positive feedback for employee engagement	FY 2025	65% or more	The Company: 65%		
				The Company and Group companies in Japan 54%		
	5) Number of annual participants in health promotion events		FY 2025	7,000 or more	6,750	
	6) Number of accidents that require time off from work (*2)		FY 2025	0	6	
	7) Percentage of employees who have taken corporate ethics compliance training		FY 2025	100%	99.9%	
	8) Percentage of employees who have taken harassment prevention training (*2)		FY 2025	100%	98.2%	
*1 This is the status of the Company.						
*2 This is the status of the Company and Group companies in Japan.						
*3 Others are the status of the Company and Group companies.						

Note: This document has been extracted and translated from a part of the Japanese original for reference purposes only. In the event of any discrepancy between this translated document and the Japanese original, the original shall prevail. The Company assumes no responsibility for this translation or for direct, indirect or any other forms of damages arising from the translation.

IV. Information of the Company

4. Corporate Governance, etc.

(5) Status of shareholding

1) Standards and approach to investment stock classification

The Company classifies the stocks, which are held for the movement of stock value or dividend income, as pure investment, whereas classifying other investment stocks as investment stocks held for purposes other than pure investment.

2) Investment stocks held for purposes other than pure investment

(i) Verification of policies and reasonableness of shareholding and the Board of Directors' examination on the appropriateness of shareholding of individual stocks

From the viewpoint of business strategy, the Company holds stocks deemed as contributing to the enhancement of its corporate value in the medium- to long-term. After examining whether the size of cross-shareholdings is appropriate, the Board of Directors will verify the appropriateness of its holdings of each stock every year by examining whether each holding is aligned with the shareholding purposes and whether the benefits and risks of the holdings are worth the capital costs and others. The Board of Directors will consider the reduction of holdings if the holdings do not match the holding policy.

During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025, the Board of Directors verified, for each stock, the qualitative significance of holding and quantitative matters including the comparison between total shareholder return and capital costs. As a result of this verification, the Company sold the stocks for which the significance of holding was deemed as not necessarily sufficient.

(ii) Number of stocks and carrying amount on balance sheet

	Number of stocks (Stocks)	Total carrying amount on balance sheet (Millions of yen)
Unlisted stocks	30	2,467
Stocks other than unlisted stocks	20	9,261

(Stocks increasing the number of shares during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025)

	Number of stocks (Stocks)	Total acquisition cost for increased shares (Millions of yen)	Reason for increase in number of shares
Unlisted stocks	2	1,060	Strengthening business collaborations
Stocks other than unlisted stocks	—	—	—

(Stocks decreasing the number of shares during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025)

	Number of stocks (Stocks)	Total sales amount for decreased shares (Millions of yen)
Unlisted stocks	—	—
Stocks other than unlisted stocks	2	1,320

(iii) The number of shares and carrying amount on balance sheet by stock of specified investment stocks and deemed shareholdings, and other information

Specified investment stocks

Stock names	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2025	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2024	Purpose of shareholding, an overview of business alliances, etc., quantitative effects of shareholding, and reasons for increase in number of shares (Note 1)	Whether issuing company holds the Company's shares
	Number of shares (Shares)	Number of shares (Shares)		
	Carrying amount on balance sheet (Millions of yen)	Carrying amount on balance sheet (Millions of yen)		
GLTECHNO HOLDINGS, INC. (Note 3)	580,000	580,000	Shares are held for the purpose of enhancing medium- to long-term corporate value by engaging in transactions and maintaining/strengthening cooperative relationships regarding analytical and measuring instruments.	None (Note 4)
	1,684	1,596		
Dai Nippon Toryo Co., Ltd.	1,000,288	1,000,288	Shares are held for the purpose of enhancing medium- to long-term corporate value by engaging in transactions and maintaining/strengthening cooperative relationships regarding analytical and measuring instruments.	Yes
	1,165	1,213		
Murata Manufacturing Co., Ltd.	435,600	435,600	Shares are held for the purpose of enhancing medium- to long-term corporate value by engaging in transactions and maintaining/strengthening cooperative relationships regarding analytical and measuring instruments and material procurement.	Yes
	1,004	1,230		
JEOL Ltd.	214,500	214,500	Shares are held for the purpose of enhancing medium- to long-term corporate value by engaging in transactions and maintaining/strengthening cooperative relationships regarding analytical and measuring instruments.	Yes
	982	1,342		
Ono Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.	583,000	583,000	Shares are held for the purpose of enhancing medium- to long-term corporate value by engaging in transactions and maintaining/strengthening cooperative relationships regarding analytical and measuring instruments.	Yes
	934	1,430		
SCREEN Holdings Co., Ltd.	94,968	94,968	Shares are held for the purpose of enhancing medium- to long-term corporate value by engaging in transactions and maintaining/strengthening cooperative relationships regarding analytical and measuring instruments.	Yes
	911	1,896		
Nippon Shinyaku Co., Ltd.	181,080	181,080	Shares are held for the purpose of enhancing medium- to long-term corporate value by engaging in transactions and maintaining/strengthening cooperative relationships regarding analytical and measuring instruments.	Yes
	688	809		

Stock names	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2025	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2024	Purpose of shareholding, an overview of business alliances, etc., quantitative effects of shareholding, and reasons for increase in number of shares (Note 1)	Whether issuing company holds the Company's shares
	Number of shares (Shares)	Number of shares (Shares)		
	Carrying amount on balance sheet (Millions of yen)	Carrying amount on balance sheet (Millions of yen)		
GS Yuasa Corporation	225,795	225,795	Shares are held for the purpose of enhancing medium- to long-term corporate value by engaging in transactions and maintaining/strengthening cooperative relationships regarding analytical and measuring instruments.	None (Note 5)
	537	710		
SINFONIA TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.	59,600	59,600	Shares are held for the purpose of enhancing medium- to long-term corporate value by engaging in transactions and maintaining/strengthening cooperative relationships regarding aircraft equipment.	Yes
	356	193		
Nissha Co., Ltd.	247,079	247,079	Shares are held for the purpose of enhancing medium- to long-term corporate value by engaging in transactions and maintaining/strengthening cooperative relationships regarding material procurement.	Yes
	337	363		
OXIDE Corporation	200,000	200,000	Shares are held for the purpose of enhancing medium- to long-term corporate value by engaging in transactions and maintaining/strengthening cooperative relationships regarding analytical and measuring instruments.	None
	228	549		
Mitsubishi Heavy Industries, Ltd. (Note 6)	84,970	8,497	Shares are held for the purpose of enhancing medium- to long-term corporate value by engaging in transactions and maintaining/strengthening cooperative relationships regarding aircraft equipment and analytical and measuring instruments.	Yes
	214	123		
Osaka Gas Co., Ltd.	24,600	24,600	Shares are held for the purpose of enhancing medium- to long-term corporate value by engaging in transactions and maintaining/strengthening cooperative relationships regarding material procurement.	Yes
	83	83		
Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc.	26,270	26,270	Shares are held for the purpose of enhancing financial stability in financing and other fields by maintaining/strengthening financial transactions and related activities.	None (Note 7)
	52	40		
Marubun Corporation	34,848	34,848	Shares are held for the purpose of enhancing medium- to long-term corporate value by engaging in transactions and maintaining/strengthening cooperative relationships regarding material procurement.	Yes
	34	53		
Tokio Marine Holdings, Inc.	2,955	2,955	Shares are held for the purpose of enhancing financial stability in the nonlife insurance and other fields by maintaining/strengthening financial transactions and related activities.	None (Note 8)
	16	13		
T&D Holdings, Inc.	3,530	3,530	Shares are held for the purpose of enhancing	None (Note 9)

Stock names	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2025	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2024	Purpose of shareholding, an overview of business alliances, etc., quantitative effects of shareholding, and reasons for increase in number of shares (Note 1)	Whether issuing company holds the Company's shares
	Number of shares (Shares)	Number of shares (Shares)		
	Carrying amount on balance sheet (Millions of yen)	Carrying amount on balance sheet (Millions of yen)		
	11	9	financial stability in financing and other fields by maintaining/strengthening financial transactions and related activities.	
THE SHIGA BANK, LTD.	2,000	2,000	Shares are held for the purpose of enhancing financial stability in financing and other fields by maintaining/strengthening financial transactions and related activities.	Yes
	10	8		
Mitsubishi Logisnext Co., Ltd.	1,750	1,750	Shares are held for the purpose of enhancing medium- to long-term corporate value by engaging in transactions and maintaining/strengthening cooperative relationships regarding industrial machinery.	Yes
	3	3		
Kyoto Financial Group, Inc.	1,580	1,580	Shares are held for the purpose of enhancing financial stability in financing and other fields by maintaining/strengthening financial transactions and related activities.	None (Note 10)
	3	4		
Mitsubishi Electric Corporation	—	548,000	None as of March 31, 2025.	None
	—	1,376		
Daikin Industries, Ltd.	—	100	None as of March 31, 2025.	None
	—	2		

Notes: 1 The Company confirmed a certain effect of shareholding in light of its holding criteria after verifying the purpose of its shareholding by individual stocks, an overview of business alliances, etc., and whether the benefits and risks of the holdings are worth the capital costs on basis of March 31, 2024. However, the Company does not state the results in light of a consequential effect on business relations with those companies and other matters.

2 “—” represents the Company does not have the stocks.

3 GLTECHNO HOLDINGS, INC. is a holding company established on October 1, 2024, and the shares of GL Sciences Inc. held by the Company have been transferred to the shares of GLTECHNO HOLDINGS, INC.

4 GL Sciences Inc., a subsidiary of GLTECHNO HOLDINGS, INC., owns the shares of the Company.

5 GS Yuasa International Ltd., a subsidiary of GS Yuasa Corporation, owns the shares of the Company.

6 Those are the stocks whose number of shares has increased due to stock split during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025.

7 MUFG Bank, Ltd., Mitsubishi UFJ Trust and Banking Corporation, each of which are subsidiaries of Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc., own the shares of the Company.

8 Tokio Marine & Nichido Fire Insurance Co., Ltd., a subsidiary of Tokio Marine Holdings, Inc., owns the shares of the Company.

9 Taiyo Life Insurance Company, a subsidiary of T&D Holdings, Inc., owns the shares of the Company.

10 The Bank of Kyoto, Ltd., a subsidiary of Kyoto Financial Group, Inc., owns the shares of the Company.

Deemed shareholdings

Stock names	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2025	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2024	Purpose of shareholding, an overview of business alliances, etc., quantitative effects of shareholding, and reasons for increase in number of shares (Note 5)	Whether issuing company holds the Company's shares
	Number of shares (Shares) (Note 3)	Number of shares (Shares) (Note 3)		
	Carrying amount on balance sheet (Millions of yen) (Note 4)	Carrying amount on balance sheet (Millions of yen) (Note 4)		
Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc.	5,595,000	5,595,000	The Company makes contributions to a retirement benefit trust and has the right to direct the exercise of voting rights.	None (Note 6)
	11,251	8,711		
Tokio Marine Holdings, Inc.	1,119,000	1,119,000	The Company makes contributions to a retirement benefit trust and has the right to direct the exercise of voting rights.	None (Note 7)
	6,418	5,262		
Kyoto Financial Group, Inc.	2,228,000	2,228,000	The Company makes contributions to a retirement benefit trust and has the right to direct the exercise of voting rights.	None (Note 8)
	5,069	6,151		
Mitsubishi Logisnext Co., Ltd.	1,369,000	1,369,000	The Company makes contributions to a retirement benefit trust and has the right to direct the exercise of voting rights.	Yes
	2,911	2,592		
THE SHIGA BANK, LTD.	476,000	476,000	The Company makes contributions to a retirement benefit trust and has the right to direct the exercise of voting rights.	Yes
	2,503	1,996		
T&D Holdings, Inc.	472,000	472,000	The Company makes contributions to a retirement benefit trust and has the right to direct the exercise of voting rights.	None (Note 9)
	1,498	1,226		
GS Yuasa Corporation	406,200	406,200	The Company makes contributions to a retirement benefit trust and has the right to direct the exercise of voting rights.	None (Note 10)
	967	1,277		
Dai Nippon Toryo Co., Ltd.	409,800	409,800	The Company makes contributions to a retirement benefit trust and has the right to direct the exercise of voting rights.	Yes
	477	497		
Mitsubishi Electric Corporation	—	900,000	None as of March 31, 2025.	None
	—	2,260		
Daikin Industries, Ltd.	—	91,900	None as of March 31, 2025.	None
	—	1,893		
OMRON Corporation	—	170,000	None as of March 31, 2025.	None
	—	919		

Notes: 1 Specified investment stocks and deemed shareholdings are not combined in calculating the number of shares and carrying amount on balance sheet.

2 “—” represents the Company does not have the stocks.

3 The number of shares subject to the right to exercise voting rights is stated.

4 The amount is stated after multiplying the fair value of deemed shareholdings as of the end of the fiscal year, by the number of shares subject to the right to exercise voting rights.

5 Purpose of shareholding states the nature of the authority held by the Company.

6 MUFG Bank, Ltd., Mitsubishi UFJ Trust and Banking Corporation, each of which are subsidiaries of Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc., own the shares of the Company.

7 Tokio Marine & Nichido Fire Insurance Co., Ltd., a subsidiary of Tokio Marine Holdings, Inc., owns the shares of the Company.

8 The Bank of Kyoto, Ltd., a subsidiary of Kyoto Financial Group, Inc., owns the shares of the Company.

9 Taiyo Life Insurance Company, a subsidiary of T&D Holdings, Inc., owns the shares of the Company.

10 GS Yuasa International Ltd., a subsidiary of GS Yuasa Corporation, owns the shares of the Company.

3) Investment stocks held for pure investment

Not applicable.

4) Investment stocks whose purpose of shareholding changed from pure investment purposes to purposes other than pure investment during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025

Not applicable.

5) Investment stocks whose purpose of shareholding changed from purposes other than pure investment to pure investment purposes during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025 and the preceding four fiscal years

Not applicable.